

CLINICAL DOCUMENTATION: COPD

THE DIAGNOSIS	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
COMMON CONDITIONS INCLUDED IN HCC GROUP 280	<p>Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease unspecified (V28) – J44.9</p> <p>Simple chronic bronchitis “Smoker’s Cough” (V28) – J41.0</p> <p>Mucopurulent chronic bronchitis (V28) – J41.1</p> <p>Panlobular emphysema (V28) – J43.1</p> <p>Centrilobular emphysema (V28) – J43.2</p> <p>Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) lower respiratory infection (V28) – J44.0</p>
V28 MODEL CHANGES	<p>No additions, removals, or changes to this HCC group – HCC 280.</p> <p>The RAF score for this HCC group is 0.319.</p>
MEAT the DOCUMENTATION M= Monitor E = Evaluate A = Assess/Address T = Treat	<p>Assessment and Plan example:</p> <p>Simple chronic bronchitis (J41.0)</p> <p>Nicotine dependence (F17.20)</p> <p>Tobacco abuse counseling (Z71.6)</p> <p>Mr. N continues to c/o a productive cough. Onset 18 months ago. He has a 50/pack year cigarette history, stating he usually smokes $\frac{3}{4}$ of pack/day. Discussed the importance of smoking cessation, answered questions from wife and daughter who are also present. Patient states he is not ready to quit yet. Using albuterol prn. Renewed prescription.</p> <p>M – Signs and symptoms, such as productive cough</p> <p>E – Test results or vital signs, such as x-rays or oxygen saturation.</p> <p>A – Order tests or patient discussion, such as smoking cessation.</p> <p>T – Medications, therapy, or other modalities, such as inhalers.</p>
IMPACT on QUALITY – HEDIS MEASURES	<p>Emphysema diagnoses (J43.x) are considered advanced illness diagnoses. When added to a claim twice in the current or prior year meets the advanced illness criteria.</p> <p>Frailty or advanced illness, ESRD, and/or palliative care diagnosis codes may provide a denominator exclusion.</p>